FEDERAL OPERATING PERMIT

A FEDERAL OPERATING PERMIT IS HEREBY ISSUED TO Enbridge G & P (East Texas) L.P.

AUTHORIZING THE OPERATION OF
Teague Plant
Teague Gas Plant
NATURAL GAS EXTRACTION

LOCATED AT

Freestone County, Texas
Latitude 31° 35' 42" Longitude 96° 13' 17"
Regulated Entity Number: RN100225127

This permit is issued in accordance with and subject to the Texas Clean Air Act (TCAA), Chapter 382 of the Texas Health and Safety Code and Title 30 Texas Administrative Code Chapter 122 (30 TAC Chapter 122), Federal Operating Permits. Under 30 TAC Chapter 122, this permit constitutes the permit holder's authority to operate the site and emission units listed in this permit. Operations of the site and emission units listed in this permit are subject to all additional rules or amended rules and orders of the Commission pursuant to the TCAA.

This permit does not relieve the permit holder from the responsibility of obtaining New Source Review authorization for new, modified, or existing facilities in accordance with 30 TAC Chapter 116, Control of Air Pollution by Permits for New Construction or Modification.

The site and emission units authorized by this permit shall be operated in accordance with 30 TAC Chapter 122, the general terms and conditions, special terms and conditions, and attachments contained herein.

This permit shall expire five years from the date of issuance. The renewal requirements specified in 30 TAC § 122.241 must be satisfied in order to renew the authorization to operate the site and emission units.

Permit No:	O2984	Issuance Date:	
For the Co	mmission	_	

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General Terms and Conditions

The permit holder shall comply with all terms and conditions contained in 30 TAC § 122.143 (General Terms and Conditions), 30 TAC § 122.144 (Recordkeeping Terms and Conditions), 30 TAC § 122.145 (Reporting Terms and Conditions), and 30 TAC § 122.146 (Compliance Certification Terms and Conditions).

In accordance with 30 TAC § 122.144(1), records of required monitoring data and support information required by this permit, or any applicable requirement codified in this permit, are required to be maintained for a period of five years from the date of the monitoring report, sample, or application unless a longer data retention period is specified in an applicable requirement. The five year record retention period supersedes any less stringent retention requirement that may be specified in a condition of a permit identified in the New Source Review Authorization attachment.

If the permit holder chooses to demonstrate that this permit is no longer required, a written request to void this permit shall be submitted to the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) by the Responsible Official in accordance with 30 TAC § 122.161(e). The permit holder shall comply with the permit's requirements, including compliance certification and deviation reporting, until notified by the TCEQ that this permit is voided.

The permit holder shall comply with 30 TAC Chapter 116 by obtaining a New Source Review authorization prior to new construction or modification of emission units located in the area covered by this permit.

All reports required by this permit must include in the submittal a cover letter which identifies the following information: company name, TCEQ regulated entity number, air account number (if assigned), site name, area name (if applicable), and Air Permits Division permit number(s).

Special Terms and Conditions:

Emission Limitations and Standards, Monitoring and Testing, and Recordkeeping and Reporting

- 1. Permit holder shall comply with the following requirements:
 - A. Emission units (including groups and processes) in the Applicable Requirements Summary attachment shall meet the limitations, standards, equipment specifications, monitoring, recordkeeping, reporting, testing, and other requirements listed in the Applicable Requirements Summary attachment to assure compliance with the permit.
 - B. The textual description in the column titled "Textual Description" in the Applicable Requirements Summary attachment is not enforceable and is not deemed as a substitute for the actual regulatory language. The Textual Description is provided for information purposes only.
 - C. A citation listed on the Applicable Requirements Summary attachment, which has a notation [G] listed before it, shall include the referenced section and subsection for all commission rules, or paragraphs for all federal and state regulations and all subordinate paragraphs, subparagraphs and clauses, subclauses, and items contained within the referenced citation as applicable requirements.
 - D. When a grouped citation, notated with a [G] in the Applicable Requirements Summary, contains multiple compliance options, the permit holder must keep records of when each compliance option was used.
 - E. Emission units subject to 40 CFR Part 63, Subparts HH and ZZZZ as identified in the attached Applicable Requirements Summary table are subject to 30 TAC Chapter 113,

- Subchapter C, §113.390 and §113.1090 which incorporate the 40 CFR Part 63 Subparts by reference.
- F. For the purpose of generating discrete emission reduction credits through 30 TAC Chapter 101, Subchapter H, Division 4 (Discrete Emission Credit Banking and Trading), the permit holder shall comply with the following requirements:
 - (i) Title 30 TAC § 101.372 (relating to General Provisions)
 - (ii) Title 30 TAC § 101.373 (relating to Discrete Emission Reduction Credit Generation and Certification)
 - (iii) Title 30 TAC § 101.374 (relating to Mobile Discrete Emission Reduction Credit Generation and Certification)
 - (iv) Title 30 TAC § 101.378 (relating to Discrete Emission Credit Banking and Trading)
 - (v) The terms and conditions by which the emission limits are established to generate the discrete reduction credit are applicable requirements of this permit
- 2. The permit holder shall comply with the following sections of 30 TAC Chapter 101 (General Air Quality Rules):
 - A. Title 30 TAC § 101.1 (relating to Definitions), insofar as the terms defined in this section are used to define the terms used in other applicable requirements
 - B. Title 30 TAC § 101.3 (relating to Circumvention)
 - C. Title 30 TAC § 101.8 (relating to Sampling), if such action has been requested by the TCEQ
 - D. Title 30 TAC § 101.9 (relating to Sampling Ports), if such action has been requested by the TCEQ
 - E. Title 30 TAC § 101.10 (relating to Emissions Inventory Requirements)
 - F. Title 30 TAC § 101.201 (relating to Emission Event Reporting and Recordkeeping Requirements)
 - G. Title 30 TAC § 101.211 (relating to Scheduled Maintenance, Start-up, and Shutdown Reporting and Recordkeeping Requirements)
 - H. Title 30 TAC § 101.221 (relating to Operational Requirements)
 - I. Title 30 TAC § 101.222 (relating to Demonstrations)
 - J. Title 30 TAC § 101.223 (relating to Actions to Reduce Excessive Emissions)
- 3. Permit holder shall comply with the following requirements of 30 TAC Chapter 111:
 - A. Visible emissions from stationary vents with a flow rate of less than 100,000 actual cubic feet per minute that are not listed in the Applicable Requirements Summary attachment for 30 TAC Chapter 111, Subchapter A, Division 1, shall not exceed 20% opacity

averaged over a six minute period. The permit holder shall comply with the following requirements for stationary vents at the site subject to this standard:

- (i) Title 30 TAC § 111.111(a)(1)(B) (relating to Requirements for Specified Sources)
- (ii) Title 30 TAC § 111.111(a)(1)(E)
- (iii) Title 30 TAC § 111.111(a)(1)(F)(i), (ii), (iii), or (iv)
- (iv) For emission units with vent emissions subject to 30 TAC § 111.111(a)(1)(B), complying with 30 TAC § 111.111(a)(1)(F)(ii), (iii), or (iv), and capable of producing visible emissions from, but not limited to, particulate matter, acid gases and NO_x, the permit holder shall also comply with the following periodic monitoring requirements for the purpose of annual compliance certification under 30 TAC § 122.146. These periodic monitoring requirements do not apply to vents that are not capable of producing visible emissions such as vents that emit only colorless VOCs; vents from non-fuming liquids; vents that provide passive ventilation, such as plumbing vents; or vent emissions from any other source that does not obstruct the transmission of light. Vents, as specified in the "Applicable Requirements Summary" attachment, that are subject to the emission limitation of 30 TAC § 111.111(a)(1)(B) are not subject to the following periodic monitoring requirements:
 - (1) An observation of stationary vents from emission units in operation shall be conducted at least once during each calendar quarter unless the emission unit is not operating for the entire quarter.
 - (2) For stationary vents from a combustion source, if an alternative to the normally fired fuel is fired for a period greater than or equal to 24 consecutive hours, the permit holder shall conduct an observation of the stationary vent for each such period to determine if visible emissions are present. If such period is greater than 3 months, observations shall be conducted once during each quarter. Supplementing the normally fired fuel with natural gas or fuel gas to increase the net heating value to the minimum required value does not constitute creation of an alternative fuel.
 - (3) Records of all observations shall be maintained.
 - Visible emissions observations of emission units operated during daylight (4) hours shall be conducted no earlier than one hour after sunrise and no later than one hour before sunset. Visible emissions observations of emission units operated only at night must be made with additional lighting and the temporary installation of contrasting backgrounds. Visible emissions observations shall be made during times when the activities described in 30 TAC § 111.111(a)(1)(E) are not taking place. Visible emissions shall be determined with each stationary vent in clear view of the observer. The observer shall be at least 15 feet, but not more than 0.25 mile, away from each stationary vent during the observation. For outdoor locations, the observer shall select a position where the sun is not directly in the observer's eyes. When condensed water vapor is present within the plume, as it emerges from the emissions outlet, observations must be made beyond the point in the plume at which condensed water vapor is no longer visible. When water vapor within the plume condenses and becomes visible at a distance from the emissions outlet, the observation shall be evaluated at the outlet

prior to condensation of water vapor. A certified opacity reader is not required for visible emissions observations.

- (5) Compliance Certification:
 - (a) If visible emissions are not present during the observation, the RO may certify that the source is in compliance with the applicable opacity requirement in 30 TAC § 111.111(a)(1) and (a)(1)(B).
 - (b) However, if visible emissions are present during the observation, the permit holder shall either list this occurrence as a deviation on the next deviation report as required under 30 TAC § 122.145(2) or conduct the appropriate opacity test specified in 30 TAC § 111.111(a)(1)(F) as soon as practicable, but no later than 24 hours after observing visible emissions to determine if the source is in compliance with the opacity requirements. If an opacity test is performed and the source is determined to be in compliance, the RO may certify that the source is in compliance with the applicable opacity requirement. However, if an opacity test is performed and the source is determined to be out of compliance, the permit holder shall list this occurrence as a deviation on the next deviation report as required under 30 TAC § 122.145(2). The opacity test must be performed by a certified opacity reader.
 - (c) Some vents may be subject to multiple visible emission or monitoring requirements. All credible data must be considered when certifying compliance with this requirement even if the observation or monitoring was performed to demonstrate compliance with a different requirement.
- B. For visible emissions from all other sources not specified in 30 TAC § 111.111(a)(1), (4), or (7); the permit holder shall comply with the following requirements:
 - (i) Title 30 TAC § 111.111(a)(8)(A) (relating to Requirements for Specified Sources)
 - (ii) Title 30 TAC § 111.111(a)(8)(B)(i) or (ii)
 - (iii) For a source subject to 30 TAC § 111.111(a)(8)(A), complying with 30 TAC § 111.111(a)(8)(B)(i) or (ii), and capable of producing visible emissions from, but not limited to, particulate matter, acid gases and NO_x, the permit holder shall also comply with the following periodic monitoring requirements for the purpose of annual compliance certification under 30 TAC § 122.146:
 - (1) An observation of visible emissions from a source which is required to comply with 30 TAC § 111.111(a)(8)(A) shall be conducted at least once during each calendar quarter unless the source is not operating for the entire quarter.
 - (2) Records of all observations shall be maintained.
 - (3) Visible emissions observations of sources operated during daylight hours shall be conducted no earlier than one hour after sunrise and no later than one hour before sunset. Visible emissions observations of sources

operated only at night must be made with additional lighting and the temporary installation of contrasting backgrounds. Visible emissions shall be determined with each source in clear view of the observer. The observer shall be at least 15 feet, but not more than 0.25 mile, away from each source during the observation. For outdoor locations, the observer shall select a position where the sun is not directly in the observer's eyes. When condensed water vapor is present within the plume, as it emerges from the emissions outlet, observations must be made beyond the point in the plume at which condensed water vapor is no longer visible. When water vapor within the plume condenses and becomes visible at a distance from the emissions outlet, the observation shall be evaluated at the outlet prior to condensation of water vapor. A certified opacity reader is not required for visible emissions observations.

(4) Compliance Certification:

- (a) If visible emissions are not present during the observation, the RO may certify that the source is in compliance with the applicable opacity requirement in 30 TAC § 111.111(a)(8) and (a)(8)(A)
- However, if visible emissions are present during the observation, (b) the permit holder shall either list this occurrence as a deviation on the next deviation report as required under 30 TAC § 122.145(2) or conduct the appropriate opacity test specified in 30 TAC § 111.111(a)(8)(B) as soon as practicable. but no later than 24 hours after observing visible emissions to determine if the source is in compliance with the opacity requirements. If an opacity test is performed and the source is determined to be in compliance, the RO may certify that the source is in compliance with the applicable opacity requirement. However, if an opacity test is performed and the source is determined to be out of compliance, the permit holder shall list this occurrence as a deviation on the next deviation report as required under 30 TAC § 122.145(2). The opacity test must be performed by a certified opacity reader.
- C. For emission units with contributions from uncombined water, the permit holder shall comply with the requirements of 30 TAC § 111.111(b).
- D. Emission limits on nonagricultural processes, except for the steam generators specified in 30 TAC § 111.153, shall comply with the following requirements:
 - (i) Emissions of PM from any source may not exceed the allowable rates as required in 30 TAC § 111.151(a) (relating to Allowable Emissions Limits)
 - (ii) Sources with an effective stack height (h_e) less than the standard effective stack height (H_e), must reduce the allowable emission level by multiplying it by [h_e/H_e]² as required in 30 TAC § 111.151(b)
 - (iii) Effective stack height shall be calculated by the equation specified in 30 TAC § 111.151(c)
- E. Outdoor burning, as stated in 30 TAC § 111.201, shall not be authorized unless the following requirements are satisfied:

- (i) Title 30 TAC § 111.205 (relating to Exception for Fire Training)
- (ii) Title 30 TAC § 111.207 (relating to Exception for Recreation, Ceremony, Cooking, and Warmth)
- (iii) Title 30 TAC § 111.219 (relating to General Requirements for Allowable Outdoor Burning)
- (iv) Title 30 TAC § 111.221 (relating to Responsibility for Consequences of Outdoor Burning)
- 4. The permit holder shall comply with the following requirements for units subject to any subpart of 40 CFR Part 60, unless otherwise stated in the applicable subpart:
 - A. Title 40 CFR § 60.7 (relating to Notification and Recordkeeping)
 - B. Title 40 CFR § 60.8 (relating to Performance Tests)
 - C. Title 40 CFR § 60.11 (relating to Compliance with Standards and Maintenance Requirements)
 - D. Title 40 CFR § 60.12 (relating to Circumvention)
 - E. Title 40 CFR § 60.13 (relating to Monitoring Requirements)
 - F. Title 40 CFR § 60.14 (relating to Modification)
 - G. Title 40 CFR § 60.15 (relating to Reconstruction)
 - H. Title 40 CFR § 60.19 (relating to General Notification and Reporting Requirements)
- 5. The permit holder shall comply with the requirements of 30 TAC Chapter 113, Subchapter C, § 113.100 for units subject to any subpart of 40 CFR Part 63, unless otherwise stated in the applicable subpart.
- 6. For oil and natural gas production facilities as specified in 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart HH, the permit holder shall comply with the following requirements (Title 30 TAC Chapter 113, Subchapter C, § 113.390 incorporated by reference):
 - A. Title 40 CFR § 63.760(c) (relating to Applicability and Designation of Affected Source)

Additional Monitoring Requirements

- 7. Unless otherwise specified, the permit holder shall comply with the compliance assurance monitoring requirements as specified in the attached "CAM Summary" upon issuance of the permit. In addition, the permit holder shall comply with the following:
 - A. The permit holder shall comply with the terms and conditions contained in 30 TAC § 122.147 (General Terms and Conditions for Compliance Assurance Monitoring).
 - B. The permit holder shall report, consistent with the averaging time identified in the "CAM Summary," deviations as defined by the deviation limit in the "CAM Summary." Any monitoring data below a minimum limit or above a maximum limit, that is collected in accordance with the requirements specified in 40 CFR § 64.7(c), shall be reported as a

- deviation. Deviations shall be reported according to 30 TAC § 122.145 (Reporting Terms and Conditions).
- C. The permit holder may elect to collect monitoring data on a more frequent basis and average the data, consistent with the averaging time or minimum frequency specified in the "CAM Summary," for purposes of determining whether a deviation has occurred. However, the additional data points must be collected on a regular basis. In no event shall data be collected and used in particular instances in order to avoid reporting deviations. All monitoring data shall be collected in accordance with the requirements specified in 40 CFR § 64.7(c).
- D. The permit holder shall operate the monitoring, identified in the attached "CAM Summary," in accordance with the provisions of 40 CFR § 64.7.
- E. The permit holder shall conduct a once a month visual, audible, and/or olfactory inspection of the capture system to detect leaking components for any capture system associated with the control device subject to CAM. If the results of the following inspections indicate that the capture system is not working properly, the permit holder shall promptly take necessary corrective actions.
- F. The permit holder shall comply with either of the following requirements for any bypass of the control device subject to CAM. If the results of the following inspections or monitoring indicate bypass of the control device, the permit holder shall promptly take necessary corrective actions and report a deviation:
 - (i) Install a flow indicator that is capable of recording flow, at least once every fifteen minutes, immediately downstream of each valve that if opened would allow a vent stream to bypass the control device and be emitted, either directly or indirectly, to the atmosphere; or
 - (ii) Once a month, the permit holder shall inspect the valves checking the position of the valves and the condition of the car seals. Identify all times when the car seal has been broken and the valve position has been changed to allow a vent stream to bypass the control device and be emitted, either directly or indirectly, to the atmosphere.
- G. The permit holder shall comply with the requirements of 40 CFR § 70.6(a)(3)(ii)(A) and 30 TAC § 122.144(1)(A)-(F) for documentation of all required inspections.
- 8. The permit holder shall comply with the periodic monitoring requirements as specified in the attached "Periodic Monitoring Summary" upon issuance of the permit. Except for, as applicable, monitoring malfunctions, associated repairs, and required quality assurance or control activities (including, as applicable, calibration checks and required zero and span adjustments), the permit holder shall conduct all monitoring in continuous operation (or shall collect data at all required intervals) at all times that the pollutant-specific emissions unit is operating. The permit holder may elect to collect monitoring data on a more frequent basis and average the data, consistent with the averaging time or minimum frequency specified in the "Periodic Monitoring Summary," for purposes of determining whether a deviation has occurred. However, the additional data points must be collected on a regular basis. In no event shall data be collected and used in particular instances to avoid reporting deviations. Deviations shall be reported according to 30 TAC § 122.145 (Reporting Terms and Conditions).

New Source Review Authorization Requirements

- 9. Permit holder shall comply with the requirements of New Source Review authorizations issued or claimed by the permit holder for the permitted area, including permits, permits by rule, standard permits, flexible permits, special permits, permits for existing facilities including Voluntary Emissions Reduction Permits and Electric Generating Facility Permits issued under 30 TAC Chapter 116, Subchapter I, or special exemptions referenced in the New Source Review Authorization References attachment. These requirements:
 - A. Are incorporated by reference into this permit as applicable requirements
 - B. Shall be located with this operating permit
 - C. Are not eligible for a permit shield
- 10. The permit holder shall comply with the general requirements of 30 TAC Chapter 106, Subchapter A or the general requirements, if any, in effect at the time of the claim of any PBR.
- 11. The permit holder shall maintain records to demonstrate compliance with any emission limitation or standard that is specified in a permit by rule (PBR) or Standard Permit listed in the New Source Review Authorizations attachment. The records shall yield reliable data from the relevant time period that are representative of the emission unit's compliance with the PBR or Standard Permit. These records may include, but are not limited to, production capacity and throughput, hours of operation, safety data sheets (SDS), chemical composition of raw materials, speciation of air contaminant data, engineering calculations, maintenance records, fugitive data, performance tests, capture/control device efficiencies, direct pollutant monitoring (CEMS, COMS, or PEMS), or control device parametric monitoring. These records shall be made readily accessible and available as required by 30 TAC § 122.144. Any monitoring or recordkeeping data indicating noncompliance with the PBR or Standard Permit shall be considered and reported as a deviation according to 30 TAC § 122.145 (Reporting Terms and Conditions).
- 12. The permit holder shall comply with the following requirements for Air Quality Standard Permits:
 - A. Registration requirements listed in 30 TAC § 116.611, unless otherwise provided for in an Air Quality Standard Permit
 - B. General Conditions listed in 30 TAC § 116.615, unless otherwise provided for in an Air Quality Standard Permit
 - C. Applicable requirements of 30 TAC § 116.617 for Pollution Control Projects based on the information contained in the registration application.

Compliance Requirements

- 13. The permit holder shall certify compliance in accordance with 30 TAC § 122.146. The permit holder shall comply with 30 TAC § 122.146 using at a minimum, but not limited to, the continuous or intermittent compliance method data from monitoring, recordkeeping, reporting, or testing required by the permit and any other credible evidence or information. The certification period may not exceed 12 months and the certification must be submitted within 30 days after the end of the period being certified.
- 14. Use of Discrete Emission Credits to comply with the applicable requirements:
 - A. Unless otherwise prohibited, the permit holder may use discrete emission credits to comply with the following applicable requirements listed elsewhere in this permit:

- (i) Title 30 TAC Chapter 115
- (ii) Title 30 TAC Chapter 117
- (iii) If applicable, offsets for Title 30 TAC Chapter 116
- (iv) Temporarily exceed state NSR permit allowables
- B. The permit holder shall comply with the following requirements in order to use the credit to comply with the applicable requirements:
 - (i) The permit holder must notify the TCEQ according to 30 TAC § 101.376(d)
 - (ii) The discrete emission credits to be used must meet all the geographic, timeliness, applicable pollutant type, and availability requirements listed in 30 TAC Chapter 101, Subchapter H, Division 4
 - (iii) The executive director has approved the use of the discrete emission credits according to 30 TAC § 101.376(d)(1)(A)
 - (iv) The permit holder keeps records of the use of credits towards compliance with the applicable requirements in accordance with 30 TAC § 101.372(h) and 30 TAC Chapter 122
 - (v) Title 30 TAC § 101.375 (relating to Emission Reductions Achieved Outside the United States)

Protection of Stratospheric Ozone

- 15. Permit holders at a site subject to Title VI of the FCAA Amendments shall meet the following requirements for protection of stratospheric ozone:
 - A. Any on site servicing, maintenance, and repair on refrigeration and nonmotor vehicle air-conditioning appliances using ozone-depleting refrigerants or non-exempt substitutes shall be conducted in accordance with 40 CFR Part 82, Subpart F. Permit holders shall ensure that repairs on or refrigerant removal from refrigeration and nonmotor vehicle air-conditioning appliances using ozone-depleting refrigerants are performed only by properly certified technicians using certified equipment. Records shall be maintained as required by 40 CFR Part 82, Subpart F.

Permit Location

16. The permit holder shall maintain a copy of this permit and records related to requirements listed in this permit on site.

Permit Shield (30 TAC § 122.148)

17. A permit shield is granted for the emission units, groups, or processes specified in the attached "Permit Shield." Compliance with the conditions of the permit shall be deemed compliance with the specified potentially applicable requirements or specified potentially applicable state-only requirements listed in the attachment "Permit Shield." Permit shield provisions shall not be modified by the executive director until notification is provided to the permit holder. No later than 90 days after notification of a change in a determination made by the executive director, the permit holder shall apply for the appropriate permit revision to reflect the new determination. Provisional terms are not eligible for this permit shield. Any term or condition, under a permit

shield, shall not be protected by the permit shield if it is replaced by a provisional term or condition or the basis of the term and condition changes.

Attachments

Applicable Requirements Summary

Additional Monitoring Requirements

Permit Shield

New Source Review Authorization References

Unit Summary	1	3
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Note: A "none" entry may be noted for some emission sources in this permit's "Applicable Requirements Summary" under the heading of "Monitoring and Testing Requirements" and/or "Recordkeeping Requirements" and/or "Reporting Requirements." Such a notation indicates that there are no requirements for the indicated emission source as identified under the respective column heading(s) for the stated portion of the regulation when the emission source is operating under the conditions of the specified SOP Index Number. However, other relevant requirements pursuant to 30 TAC Chapter 122 including Recordkeeping Terms and Conditions (30 TAC § 122.144), Reporting Terms and Conditions (30 TAC § 122.145), and Compliance Certification Terms and Conditions (30 TAC § 122.146) continue to apply.

Unit Summary

Unit/Group/ Process ID No.	Unit Type	Group/Inclusive Units	SOP Index No.	Regulation	Requirement Driver
007A	FLARES	N/A	R1111	30 TAC Chapter 111, Visible Emissions	No changing attributes.
007A	FLARES	N/A	60A-02	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart A	No changing attributes.
DEHY	GLYCOL DEHYDRATION	N/A	63HH-001	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart HH	No changing attributes.
GEN-1	SRIC ENGINES	N/A	63ZZZZ-001	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart ZZZZ	No changing attributes.
GRP-FLR	FLARES	1505, 1510	R1111	30 TAC Chapter 111, Visible Emissions	No changing attributes.
GRP-TURB	STATIONARY TURBINES	1501, 1502, 1509, 1522	60GG-01	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart GG	No changing attributes.
PRO-SRU	GAS SWEETENING/SULFUR RECOVERY UNITS	N/A	R200-FLARE	30 TAC Chapter 112, Sulfur Compounds	No changing attributes.
PRO-SRU	GAS SWEETENING/SULFUR RECOVERY UNITS	N/A	R200-TO	30 TAC Chapter 112, Sulfur Compounds	No changing attributes.
PRO-SRU	GAS SWEETENING/SULFUR RECOVERY UNITS	N/A	60LLL-FLARE	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart LLL	No changing attributes.
PRO-SRU	GAS SWEETENING/SULFUR RECOVERY UNITS	N/A	60LLL-TO	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart LLL	No changing attributes.

Unit Group Process ID No.	Unit Group Process Type	SOP Index No.	Pollutant	State Rule or Federal Regulation Name	Emission Limitation, Standard or Equipment Specification Citation	Textual Description (See Special Term and Condition 1.B.)	Monitoring And Testing Requirements	Recordkeeping Requirements (30 TAC § 122.144)	Reporting Requirements (30 TAC § 122.145)
007A	EU	R1111	Opacity	30 TAC Chapter 111, Visible Emissions	§ 111.111(a)(4)(A)	Visible emissions from a process gas flare shall not be permitted for more than five minutes in any two-hour period, except for upset emissions as provided in §101.222(b).	§ 111.111(a)(4)(A)(i) § 111.111(a)(4)(A)(ii)	§ 111.111(a)(4)(A)(ii)	None
007A	CD	60A-02	Opacity	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart A	§ 60.18(b) § 60.18(c)(1) § 60.18(c)(2) § 60.18(c)(3)(ii) § 60.18(c)(4)(ii) § 60.18(c)(6) § 60.18(e)	Flares shall comply with paragraphs (c)-(f) of § 60.18.	§ 60.18(d) § 60.18(f)(1) § 60.18(f)(2) § 60.18(f)(3) § 60.18(f)(4)	None	None
DEHY	EU	63HH-001	112(B) HAPS	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart HH	§ 63.764(e)(1)(ii) § 63.764(a) § 63.764(e)(1) § 63.764(j) § 63.775(c)(8)	The owner or operator of an area source is exempt from the requirements of §63.764(d) when the actual average emissions of benzene from the glycol dehydration unit process vent to the atmosphere < 0.90 megagram/yr, as determined by the procedures specified in §63.772(b)(2) of this subpart.	[G]§ 63.772(b)(2)	§ 63.774(d)(1) § 63.774(d)(1)(ii)	None
GEN-1	EU	63 <i>ZZZZ</i> - 001	112(B) HAPS	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart ZZZZ	§ 63.6603(a)- Table2d.4 § 63.6595(a)(1) § 63.6605(a) § 63.6605(b) § 63.6625(e) § 63.6625(h) § 63.6625(i) § 63.6640(f)(1) § 63.6640(f)(2) § 63.6640(f)(2)(i)	For each existing emergency stationary CI RICE and black start stationary CI RICE, located at an area source, you must comply with the requirements as specified in Table 2d.4.a-c.	§ 63.6625(f) § 63.6625(i) § 63.6640(a) § 63.6640(a)- Table6.9.a.i § 63.6640(a)- Table6.9.a.ii	§ 63.6625(i) § 63.6655(d) § 63.6655(e) § 63.6655(f) § 63.6660(a) § 63.6660(b) § 63.6660(c)	§ 63.6640(e) § 63.6650(f)

Unit Group Process ID No.	Unit Group Process Type	SOP Index No.	Pollutant	State Rule or Federal Regulation Name	Emission Limitation, Standard or Equipment Specification Citation	Textual Description (See Special Term and Condition 1.B.)	Monitoring And Testing Requirements	Recordkeeping Requirements (30 TAC § 122.144)	Reporting Requirements (30 TAC § 122.145)
					§ 63.6640(f)(4) § 63.6640(f)(4)(i)				
GRP-FLR	EU	R1111	Opacity	30 TAC Chapter 111, Visible Emissions	§ 111.111(a)(4)(A)	Visible emissions from a process gas flare shall not be permitted for more than five minutes in any two-hour period, except for upset emissions as provided in §101.222(b).	§ 111.111(a)(4)(A)(i) § 111.111(a)(4)(A)(ii)	§ 111.111(a)(4)(A)(ii)	None
GRP-TURB	EU	60GG-01	SO ₂	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart GG	§ 60.333(b)	No stationary gas turbine shall burn any fuel which contains sulfur in excess of 0.8% by weight.	§ 60.334(h) [G]§ 60.334(h)(3)	None	None
GRP-TURB	EU	60GG-01	NOx	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart GG	§ 60.332(a)(2) § 60.332(a)(3) § 60.332(k)	No owner or operator shall discharge into the atmosphere from any stationary gas turbine, any gases which contain nitrogen oxides in excess of the amount as determined from the specified equation.	[G]§ 60.335(a) § 60.335(b)(1) § 60.335(b)(2) § 60.335(c)(1) ** See Periodic Monitoring Summary	None	None
PRO-SRU	EU	R200- FLARE	SO ₂	30 TAC Chapter 112, Sulfur Compounds	§ 112.7(a)	No person may cause, suffer, allow, or permit emissions of SO2 to exceed the emission limits specified for stack effluent flow rates < 4,000 scfm as determined by the specified equation.	§ 112.2(a) *** See Periodic Monitoring Summary	§ 112.2(c)	§ 112.2(b)
PRO-SRU	EU	R200-TO	SO ₂	30 TAC Chapter 112, Sulfur Compounds	§ 112.7(a)	No person may cause, suffer, allow, or permit emissions of SO2 to exceed the emission limits specified for stack effluent flow rates < 4,000 scfm as determined by the specified equation.	§ 112.2(a) ** See CAM Summary	§ 112.2(c)	§ 112.2(b)
PRO-SRU	PRO	60LLL-	SO ₂	40 CFR Part 60,	§ 60.642(b)	After demonstrating	[G]§ 60.643(a)(1)	§ 60.647(a)	§ 60.647(b)

Unit Group Process ID No.	Unit Group Process Type	SOP Index No.	Pollutant	State Rule or Federal Regulation Name	Emission Limitation, Standard or Equipment Specification Citation	Textual Description (See Special Term and Condition 1.B.)	Monitoring And Testing Requirements	Recordkeeping Requirements (30 TAC § 122.144)	Reporting Requirements (30 TAC § 122.145)
		FLARE		Subpart LLL	§ 60.642(a)	compliance with Paragraph (a), the owner or operator shall achieve a minimum SO2 emission reduction efficiency, Zc, as determined from Table 2.	\$ 60.643(a)(2) \$ 60.643(b) \$ 60.644(a) [G]\$ 60.644(b) \$ 60.644(c) \$ 60.644(c)(1) \$ 60.644(c)(2) \$ 60.644(c)(3) \$ 60.644(c)(4)(ii) \$ 60.644(c)(4)(ii) \$ 60.644(c)(4)(iv) \$ 60.644(d) [G]\$ 60.646(a) [G]\$ 60.646(b) [G]\$ 60.646(f) \$ 60.646(g) [G]\$ 60.648		§ 60.647(b)(1) § 60.647(b)(2)
PRO-SRU	PRO	60LLL-TO	SO ₂	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart LLL	§ 60.642(b) § 60.642(a)	After demonstrating compliance with Paragraph (a), the owner or operator shall achieve a minimum SO2 emission reduction efficiency, Zc, as determined from Table 2.	[G]§ 60.643(a)(1) § 60.643(a)(2) § 60.643(b) § 60.644(a) [G]§ 60.644(b) § 60.644(c)(1) § 60.644(c)(2) § 60.644(c)(3) § 60.644(c)(4)(ii) § 60.644(c)(4)(ii) § 60.644(c)(4)(iii) § 60.644(d) [G]§ 60.646(a) [G]§ 60.646(b) [G]§ 60.646(f) § 60.646(f) § 60.646(g) [G]§ 60.648	§ 60.647(a)	§ 60.647(b) § 60.647(b)(1) § 60.647(b)(2)

Additional Monitoring Requirements

Compliance Assurance Monitoring Summary	.18
Periodic Monitoring Summary	. 22

Unit/Group/Process Information					
ID No.: PRO-SRU					
Control Device ID No.: 1506	Control Device Type: Thermal Incinerator (Direct Flame Incinerator/Regenerative Thermal Oxidizer)				
Applicable Regulatory Requirement					
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 112, Sulfur Compounds	SOP Index No.: R200-TO				
Pollutant: SO ₂	Main Standard: § 112.7(a)				
Monitoring Information					
Indicator: Combustion Temperature / Exhaust Gas Tempera	ature				
Minimum Frequency: once per day					
Averaging Period: n/a					
Deviation Limit: Minimum firebox combustion temperature of 1200 °F					
CAM Text: The monitoring device should be installed in the combustion chamber or immediately downstream of the combustion chamber. Each monitoring device shall be calibrated at a frequency in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications, other written procedures that provide an adequate assurance that the device is calibrated accurately, or at least annually, whichever is more frequent, and shall be accurate to within one of the following: ± 2% of reading; or ± 2.5 degrees Celsius.					

Unit/Group/Process Information					
ID No.: PRO-SRU					
Control Device ID No.: 1506	Control Device Type: Thermal Incinerator (Direct Flame Incinerator/Regenerative Thermal Oxidizer)				
Applicable Regulatory Requirement					
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 112, Sulfur Compounds	SOP Index No.: R200-TO				
Pollutant: SO ₂	Main Standard: § 112.7(a)				
Monitoring Information					
Indicator: H2S Inlet Concentration					
Minimum Frequency: once per day					
Averaging Period: n/a					
Deviation Limit: Minimum Sulfur Reduction Efficiency of 96%					
CAM Text: Measure the inlet concentration of H2S using either the Tutwiler procedure in 40 CFR § 60.648, the stain tube procedures of GPA 2377-86, or a chromatographic procedure following ASTM E-260.					

Unit/Group/Process Information						
ID No.: PRO-SRU						
Control Device ID No.: 1506	Control Device Type: Thermal Incinerator (Direct Flame Incinerator/Regenerative Thermal Oxidizer)					
Applicable Regulatory Requirement						
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 112, Sulfur Compounds	SOP Index No.: R200-TO					
Pollutant: SO ₂	Main Standard: § 112.7(a)					
Monitoring Information						
Indicator: Inlet Flow Rate	Indicator: Inlet Flow Rate					
Minimum Frequency: once per day						
Averaging Period: n/a						
Deviation Limit: Minimum Sulfur Reduction Efficiency of 96%						
CAM Text: Each monitoring device shall be calibrated at a frequency in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications, other written procedures that provide an adequate assurance that the device is calibrated accurately, or at least annually, whichever is more frequent, and shall be accurate to within one of the following: ± 2% of span; or ± 5% of design flow rate.						

Unit/Group/Process Information			
ID No.: PRO-SRU			
Control Device ID No.: 1506	Control Device Type: Thermal Incinerator (Direct Flame Incinerator/Regenerative Thermal Oxidizer)		
Applicable Regulatory Requirement			
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 112, Sulfur Compounds	SOP Index No.: R200-TO		
Pollutant: SO ₂	Main Standard: § 112.7(a)		
Monitoring Information			
Indicator: Sulfur Accumulation			
Minimum Frequency: once per day			
Averaging Period: n/a			
Deviation Limit: Minimum Sulfur Reduction Efficiency of 96%			
CAM Text: Measure the accumulation of sulfur product for each 24 hour period by measuring and recording sulfur production or by measuring and recording the liquid level in the storage tanks. The monitoring device shall be calibrated at a frequency in accordance with the manufacturer's			

specifications, other written procedures that provide an adequate assurance that the device is calibrated accurately, or at least annually, whichever is more frequent, and shall have an accuracy of $\pm 2\%$.

Unit/Group/Process Information		
ID No.: GRP-TURB		
Control Device ID No.: N/A	Control Device Type: N/A	
Applicable Regulatory Requirement		
Name: 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart GG	SOP Index No.: 60GG-01	
Pollutant: NO _X	Main Standard: § 60.332(a)(2)	
Monitoring Information		
Indicator: NOx Concentration		
Minimum Frequency: Quarterly		
Averaging Period: N/A		
Deviation Limit: NOx emissions shall not exceed calculated emission limit specified under 60.332(a)(2).		

Periodic Monitoring Text: Monitor and record the NOx concentration using a portable analyzer to monitor NOx. The portable analyzer shall be operated in accordance with the Environmental Protection Agency's, Office of Air Quality Planning & Standards, Emission Measurement Center Conditional Test Method - Determination of Oxygen, Carbon Monoxide, and Oxides of Nitrogen from Stationary Sources For Periodic Monitoring (Portable Electrochemical Analyzer Procedure) [CTM-034] (September 8, 1999). NOx emissions shall be corrected/calculated in units of the underlying applicable emission limitation (grams per horsepower hour, pounds per MMBtu, pounds per hour). Any monitoring data above the maximum limit shall be considered and reported as a deviation.

Unit/Group/Process Information			
ID No.: GRP-TURB			
Control Device ID No.: N/A	Control Device Type: N/A		
Applicable Regulatory Requirement			
Name: 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart GG SOP Index No.: 60GG-01			
Pollutant: NO _X Main Standard: § 60.332(a)(2)			
Monitoring Information			
Indicator: Natural Gas Fuel Consumption			
Minimum Frequency: Monthly			
Averaging Period: N/A			
Deviation Limit: Natural Gas fuel consumption limit shall not exceed 25 Mcf/hr @ 1,020 Btu/scf.			
Periodic Monitoring Text: Measure and record fuel consumption. The monitoring instrumentation shall be maintained, calibrated, and operated in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications or other written procedures. Any monitoring data above the maximum limit shall be considered and reported as a deviation.			

Unit/Group/Process Information			
ID No.: PRO-SRU			
Control Device ID No.: 007A	Control Device Type: Flare		
Applicable Regulatory Requirement			
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 112, Sulfur Compounds	SOP Index No.: R200-FLARE		
Pollutant: SO ₂	Main Standard: § 112.7(a)		
Monitoring Information			
Indicator: Pilot Flame			
Minimum Frequency: Once per hour			
Averaging Period: n/a			
Deviation Limit: No pilot flame			
Periodic Monitoring Text: Measure and record the presence of the pilot flame. The presence of a flare			

Periodic Monitoring Text: Measure and record the presence of the pilot flame. The presence of a flare pilot flame shall be monitored using a thermocouple or any other equivalent device to detect the presence of a flame. The monitoring instrumentation shall be maintained, calibrated and operated in accordance with manufacturer's specifications or other written procedures. Any monitoring data which indicates the lack of a pilot flame shall be considered and reported as a deviation.

Unit/Group/Process Information			
ID No.: PRO-SRU			
Control Device ID No.: 007A	Control Device Type: Flare		
Applicable Regulatory Requirement			
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 112, Sulfur Compounds	SOP Index No.: R200-FLARE		
Pollutant: SO ₂	Main Standard: § 112.7(a)		
Monitoring Information			
Indicator: H2S Inlet Concentration			
Minimum Frequency: Once per week			
Averaging Period: n/a			
Deviation Limit: Minimum Sulfur Reduction Efficiency of 96%			

Periodic Monitoring Text: Measure and record the inlet concentration of H2S to determine the minimum sulfur reduction efficiency. The inlet concentration shall be used to compute the sulfur feed rate as follows:

Sulfur Feed Rate = 3.707*10E-7(Inlet Flow Rate)(H2S Concentration)

Sulfur Feed Rate = Long tons/day;

Inlet Flow Rate = Flow rate of acid gas feed, dscf/day;

H2S Concentration = H2S inlet concentration as measured;

3.707*10E-7 = Conversion constant.

The sulfur reduction efficiency shall be computed using the sulfur feed rate and the sulfur accumulation. The monitoring instrumentation shall be maintained, calibrated and operated in accordance with manufacturer's specifications or other written procedures. Any monitoring data below the minimum sulfur reduction efficiency shall be considered and reported as a deviation.

Unit/Group/Process Information				
ID No.: PRO-SRU				
Control Device ID No.: 007A	Control Device Type: Flare			
Applicable Regulatory Requirement				
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 112, Sulfur Compounds	SOP Index No.: R200-FLARE			
Pollutant: SO ₂	Main Standard: § 112.7(a)			
Monitoring Information				
Indicator: Inlet Flow Rate				
Minimum Frequency: Once per week				
Averaging Period: n/a				
Deviation Limit: Minimum Sulfur Reduction Efficiency of 96%				
Periodic Monitoring Text: Measure and record the inlet flow rate to determine the minimum sulfur reduction efficiency. The inlet flow rate shall be used to compute the sulfur feed rate as follows:				

Sulfur Feed Rate = 3.707*10E-7(Inlet Flow Rate)(H2S Concentration)

Sulfur Feed Rate = Long tons/day;

Inlet Flow Rate = Flow rate of acid gas feed, dscf/day;

H2S Concentration = H2S inlet concentration as measured;

3.707*10E-7 = Conversion constant.

The sulfur reduction efficiency shall be computed using the sulfur feed rate and the sulfur accumulation. The monitoring instrumentation shall be maintained, calibrated and operated in accordance with manufacturer's specifications or other written procedures. Any monitoring data below the minimum sulfur reduction efficiency shall be considered and reported as a deviation.

Unit/Group/Process Information		
ID No.: PRO-SRU		
Control Device ID No.: 007A	Control Device Type: Flare	
Applicable Regulatory Requirement		
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 112, Sulfur Compounds SOP Index No.: R200-FLARE		
Pollutant: SO ₂ Main Standard: § 112.7(a)		
Monitoring Information		
Indicator: Sulfur Accumulation		
Minimum Frequency: Once per week		
Averaging Period: n/a		

Deviation Limit: Minimum Sulfur Reduction Efficiency of 96%

Periodic Monitoring Text: Measure and record the accumulation of sulfur product to determine the minimum sulfur reduction efficiency. Establish the accumulation of sulfur product by measuring and recording sulfur production or by measuring and recording the liquid level in the storage tanks.

The sulfur reduction efficiency shall be computed using the sulfur feed rate and the sulfur accumulation as follows:

Reduction Efficiency = (100)(Sulfur Accumulation)/(Sulfur Feed Rate)

Reduction Efficiency = Percent, %;

Sulfur Accumulation = Total Sulfur, long tons, accumulated over 24 hours (day);

Sulfur Feed rate = Long tons/day.

The monitoring instrumentation shall be maintained, calibrated and operated in accordance with manufacturer's specifications or other written procedures. Any monitoring data below the minimum sulfur reduction efficiency shall be considered and reported as a deviation.

Permit Shield

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Permit Shield

The Executive Director of the TCEQ has determined that the permit holder is not required to comply with the specific regulation(s) identified for each emission unit, group, or process in this table.

Unit/Group/Process		Regulation	Basis of Determination
ID No.	Group/Inclusive Units		
1507	N/A	30 TAC Chapter 115, Unit Turn & Vac System- Pet Ref	Site is in Freestone County and fugitive emissions are exempt from this rule.
1507	N/A	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart KKK	Equipment was constructed prior to January 20, 1984.
1516	N/A	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Dc	Design capacity is less than 10MMBTU/hr.
1520	N/A	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	This section does not apply to Freestone County.
GRP-FLR	1505, 1510	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart A	No NSPS sources routed to flares.
GRP-TURB	1501, 1502, 1509, 1522	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart KKKK	Turbines constructed before February 18, 2005, and have not been modified or reconstructed.
GRP-TURB	1501, 1502, 1509, 1522	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart YYYY	Turbines not located at a major source of HAP emissions.

New Source Review Authorization References

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New Source Review Authorization References by Emission Unit	32

New Source Review Authorization References

The New Source Review authorizations listed in the table below are applicable requirements under 30 TAC Chapter 122 and enforceable under this operating permit.

Title 30 TAC Chapter 116 Permits, Special Permits, and Other Authorizations (Other Than Permits By Rule, PSD Permits, or NA Permits) for the Application Area.		
Authorization No.: 5269A	Issuance Date: 11/27/2012	
Authorization No.: 85831	Issuance Date: 04/05/2018	
Authorization No.: 91715	Issuance Date: 02/09/2010	
Permits By Rule (30 TAC Chapter 106) for the Application Area		
Number: 106.359	Version No./Date: 09/10/2013	
Number: 106.511 Version No./Date: 09/04/2000		

New Source Review Authorization References by Emissions Unit

The following is a list of New Source Review (NSR) authorizations for emission units listed elsewhere in this operating permit. The NSR authorizations are applicable requirements under 30 TAC Chapter 122 and enforceable under this operating permit.

Unit/Group/Process ID No.	Emission Unit Name/Description	New Source Review Authorization
007A	TANK/LOADING/AMINE UNIT/SRU FLARE	91715
1501	COMPRESSOR TURBINE #4009	5269A
1502	COMPRESSOR TURBINE #4010	5269A
1505	FLARE F-2	5269A
1507	FUGITIVE EMISSIONS	5269A
1509	COMPRESSOR TURBINE #4068	5269A
1510	DEHYDRATOR FLARE	5269A
1516	AUXILIARY BOILER	5269A
1520	STARTER VENT OF TURBINES	5269A
1522	COMPRESSOR TURBINE #4027	5269A
DEHY	GLYCOL DEHYDRATOR	5269A
GEN-1	EMERGENCY DIESEL GENERATOR	106.511/09/04/2000
PRO-SRU	CLAUS SULFUR RECOVERY UNIT	85831

	Appendix A	
Acronym List		34

Acronym List

The following abbreviations or acronyms may be used in this permit:

ACFM	actual cubic feet per minute
	alternate means of control
	Acid Rain Program
	American Society of Testing and Materials
	Beaumont/Port Arthur (nonattainment area)
	control device
	continuous emissions monitoring system
	Code of Federal Regulations
	continuous opacity monitoring system
	closed vent system
	emission point
	U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
	emission unit
	Federal Clean Air Act Amendments
	federal operating permit
	grains per 100 standard cubic feet
	hazardous air pollutant
	hydrogen sulfide
	identification number
	pound(s) per hour
MΔCT	Maximum Achievable Control Technology (40 CFR Part 63)
	Million British thermal units per hour
	nonattainment
	not applicable
NADR	
NESHAP	National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (40 CFR Part 61)
NO	nitrogen oxides
NSPS	
	Office of Regulatory Information Systems
	lead
	Permit By Rule
	predictive emissions monitoring system
	particulate matter
	parts per million by volume
	nraces linit
	process unit
PSD	prevention of significant deterioration
PSDpsia	prevention of significant deterioration pounds per square inch absolute
PSDpsiaSIP	prevention of significant deterioration pounds per square inch absolute state implementation plan
PSD	prevention of significant deterioration pounds per square inch absolute state implementation plan sulfur dioxide
PSD	prevention of significant deterioration pounds per square inch absolute state implementation plan sulfur dioxide Texas Commission on Environmental Quality
PSD	prevention of significant deterioration pounds per square inch absolute state implementation plan sulfur dioxide Texas Commission on Environmental Quality total suspended particulate
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	prevention of significant deterioration pounds per square inch absolute state implementation plan sulfur dioxide Texas Commission on Environmental Quality total suspended particulate true vapor pressure
PSD	prevention of significant deterioration pounds per square inch absolute state implementation plan sulfur dioxide Texas Commission on Environmental Quality total suspended particulate